



# Lean and Agile approach to design and construction

Case: Project Life Science, Oslo, Norway

August 25th 2020

Ass. Project Director Hans Thomas Holm / Statsbygg



# Lean and Agile approach to design and construction

## Content

- Challenges
- About Life Science
- Strategies
- Process Planning
- Connecting Maturity Levels
- Repeatability
- Systematic Completion – Phased Commissioning
- User Equipment
- Onboarding

# Challenges

- Having clear and holistic strategies
- Maintaining flow with process management
- Being agile in a huge and complex project
- Keeping everything connected
- Thinking end product from the start – with years in between
- Being fully finished at deadline and handover
- Not forgetting about the user equipment
- Achieving a uniform culture
- Delivering on time, on budget, and on quality

# Mindshift

From...

A system based on contracts, the disciplines of consultants, and activities in a “gant-diagram”

To...

A breakdown system based on flow, processes, and multi-dependent deliveries in a complex cross-functional environment

# LIFE SCIENCE BUILDING

in OSLO, 2018-2024



**Vision:**

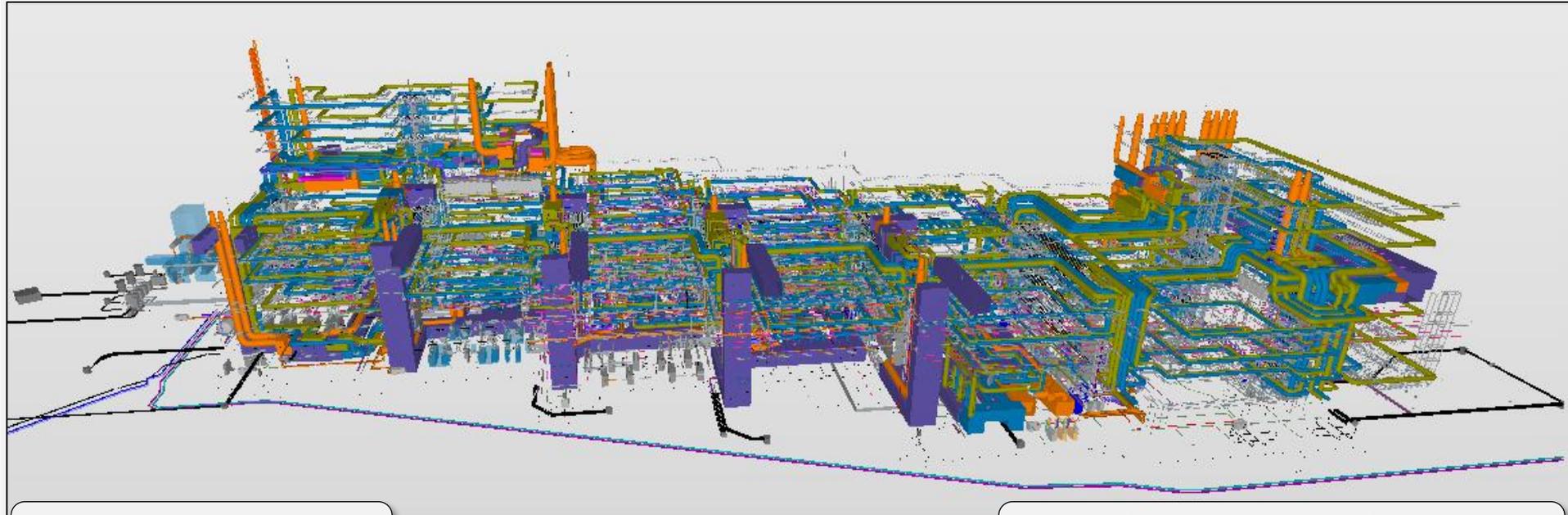
**AN EVEN BETTER PROJECT**

**About the project Life Science Building:**

- **Advanced cross faculty research- and education building**
- **Planned completed by Dec. 1. 2024**
- **Building Project budget**  
**5,670,000,000 NOK** (incl. VAT, 2018)
- **BTA approx. 70,000 sqm**
- **Foot print approx. 17,000 sqm**
- **7 parallel contracts**  
**First: Design Collaboration**  
**Then: Build**
- **User equipment budget**  
**1,140,000,000 NOK** (incl. VAT, 2018)

**Lean Methodology / Process Planning / Takt /  
Systematic Completion / Logistics / BIM**

# Project Life Science – A complex machinery



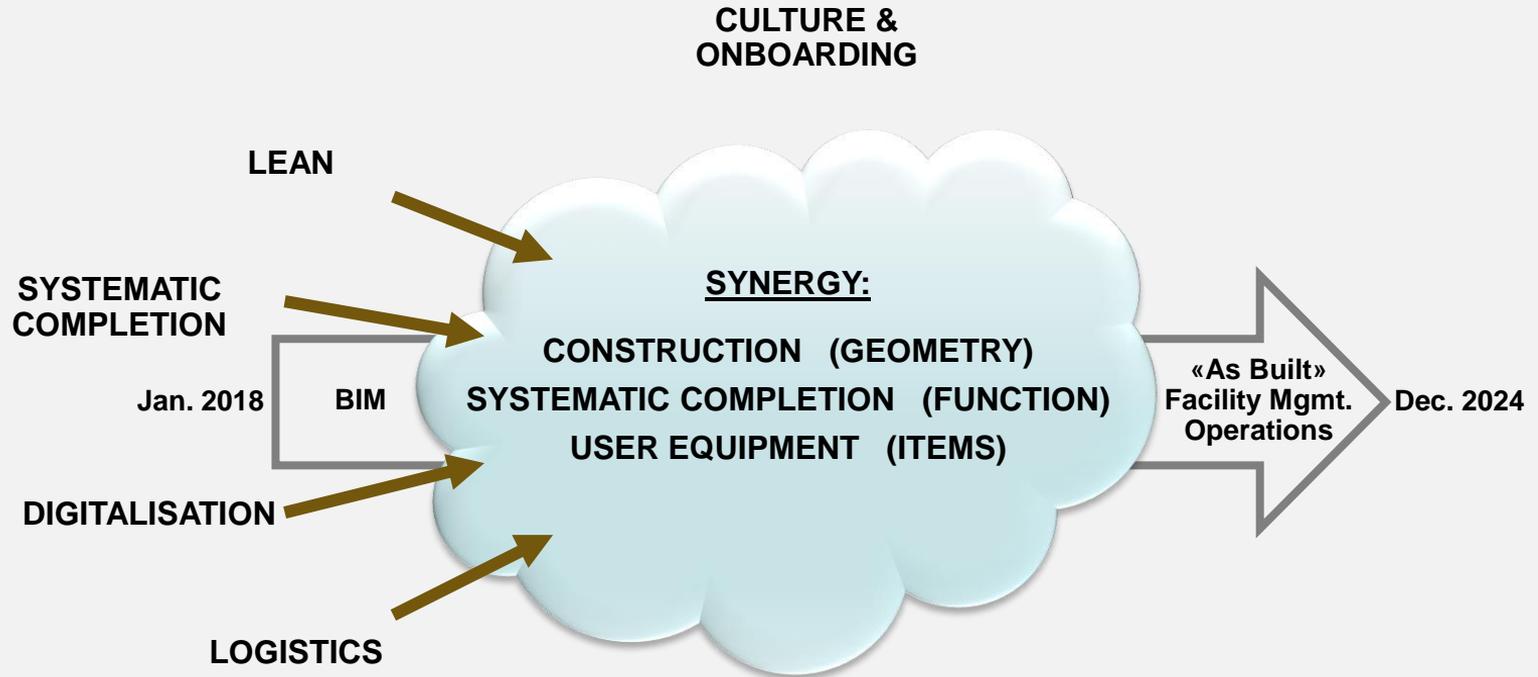
**BIM status: December 2019**  
**Technical Systems**

**Approximately 1,000 technical systems**  
**An extremely complex construction**



- **Stabilizing/Securing spunt**
- **Demolition/Removal of rock**
- **Excavations**
- **Vertical injection (sealing)**

# Strategies – Totality

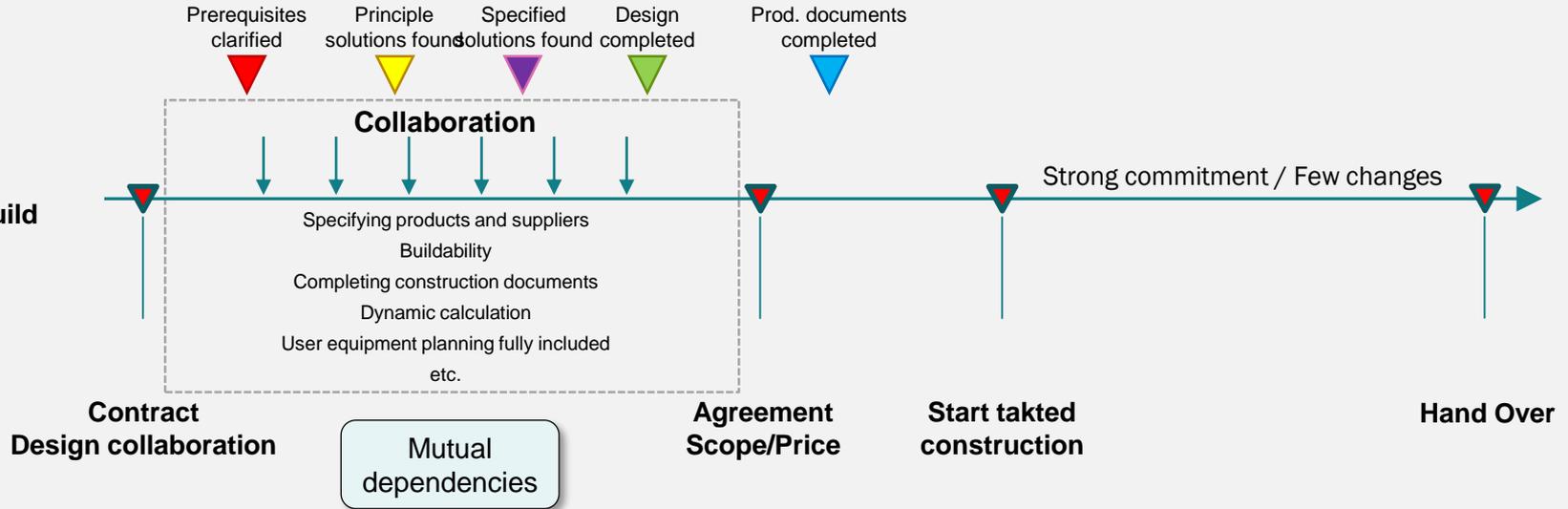


**CONTRACT STRATEGY: Design-Build starting with a collaboration phase**

(contractors, subcontractors and suppliers involved early)

# Integrated Collaboration prior to Build

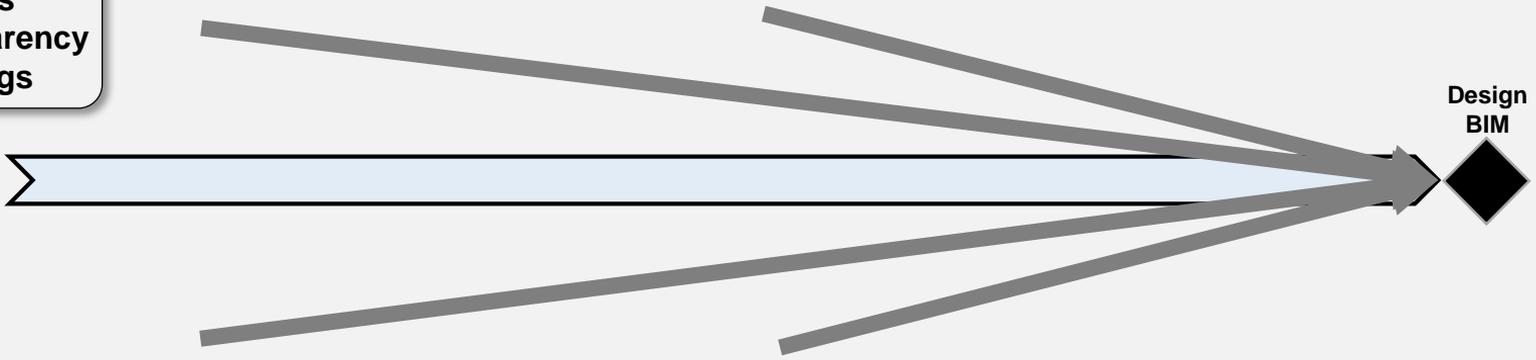
Life Science:  
7x Design-Build



# Process Planning – 1

## Traditional

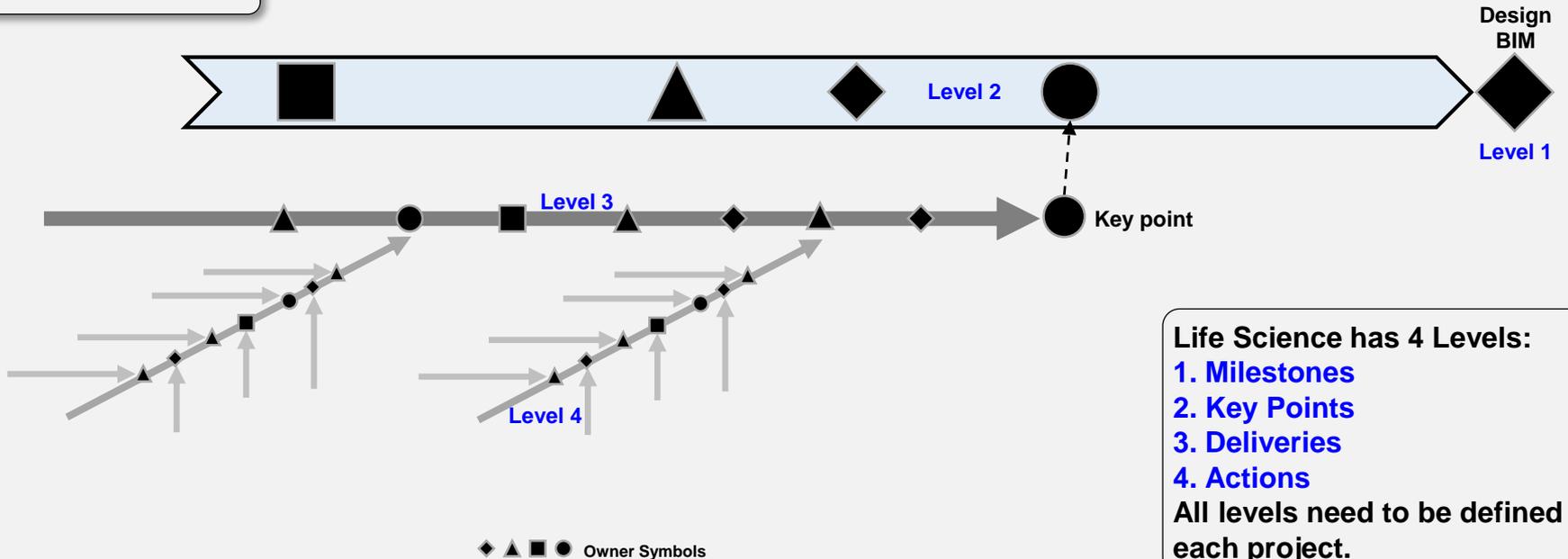
**Large Areas**  
**Lack of Transparency**  
**Late Warnings**



# Process Planning – 2

## Lean

Reverse planning  
Break Down  
Chronological  
Transparency  
Early Warnings



**Life Science has 4 Levels:**

1. Milestones
2. Key Points
3. Deliveries
4. Actions

All levels need to be defined for each project.

# Process Planning – 3

## Importance of End points (Finished) in a Process plan

**An end point, finished point must contain:**

- **Clear deadline**
- **Acceptance criteria (to be declared completed)**
- **Responsible owner**

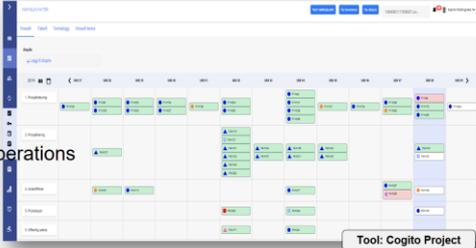
**End points give the basis for:**

- **Clarity in the processes**
- **Definition of milestones (and levels)(and context)**
- **Reverse planning**

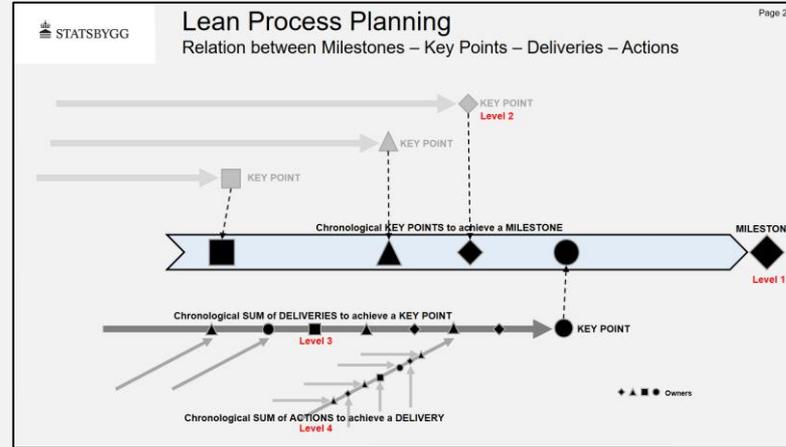
# Processes and Maturity Levels

STATSBYGG Project main processes (chain value) Page 20

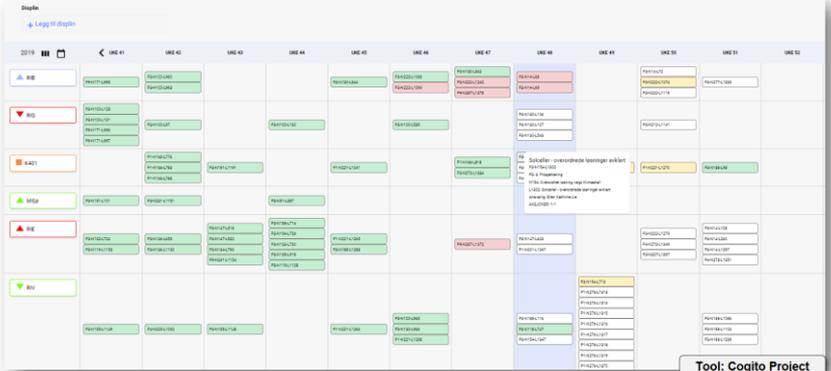
- Project management
- User processes
- Design / Collaboration
- Procurement
- Production
- Systematic Completion / Operations
- Relocation
- Public Permissions



Tool: Cogito Project



STATSBYGG Focusing on keypoints and deliveries to create flow



Tool: Cogito Project

**STANDARD MAIN PROCESSES**

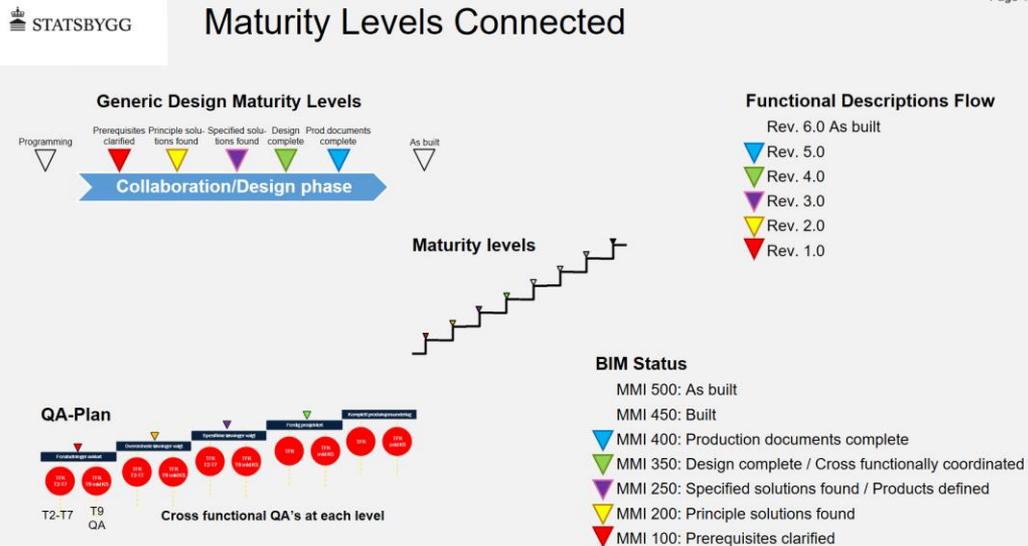
**BREAKDOWN and REVERSE PLANNING**

**MANAGEMENT TOOL to CREATE FLOW**

# Processes and Maturity Levels connected

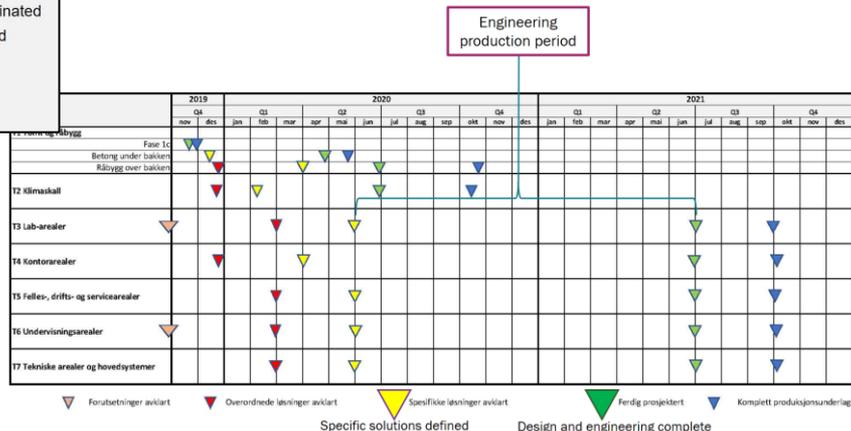
## STANDARDISED & SYSTEMISED LEVELS of MATURITY

Page 12



## Engineering milestones for each functional area

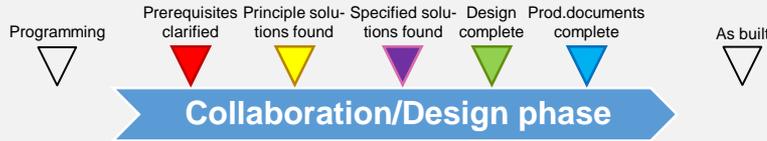
Starting point for detailed planning



BREAKDOWN of CONSTRUCTION STRUCTURED USE of (9x) THEMES

# Maturity Levels Connected

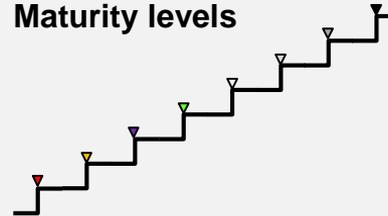
## Generic Design Maturity Levels



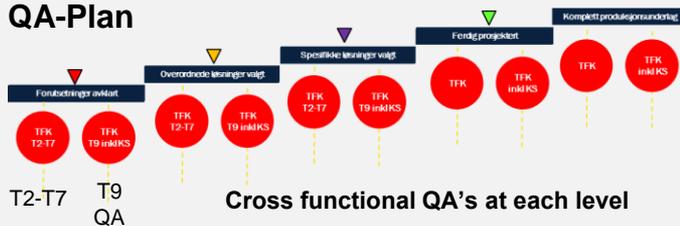
## Functional Descriptions Flow



## Maturity levels



## QA-Plan



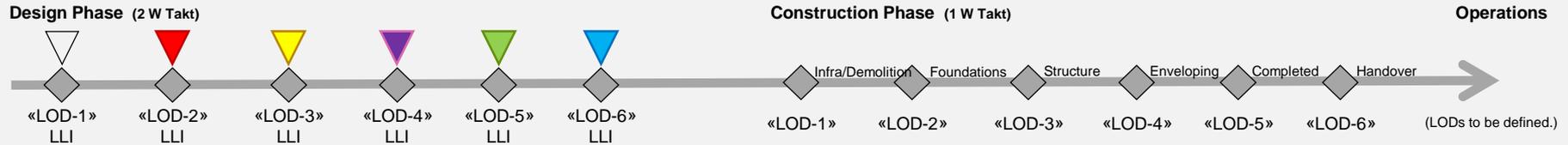
## BIM Status

MMI 500: As built

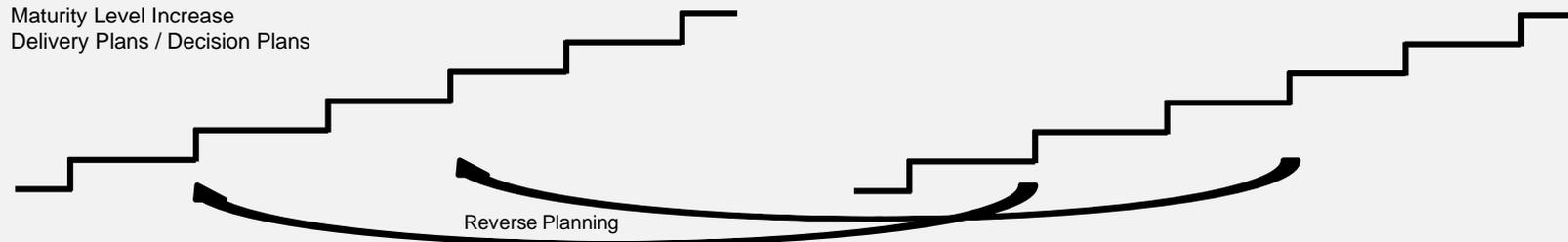
MMI 450: Built

- MMI 400: Production documents complete
- MMI 350: Design complete / Cross functionally coordinated
- MMI 250: Specified solutions found / Products defined
- MMI 200: Principle solutions found
- MMI 100: Prerequisites clarified

# Reverse planning – Break down principals 1



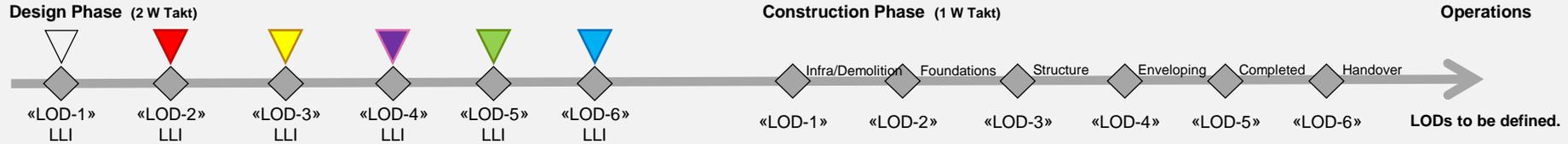
Different stages have different approaches:  
From disciplines to topics to geography



Based on need to have and managed by deliveries only (done/not done).

# Reverse planning – Break down principals 2

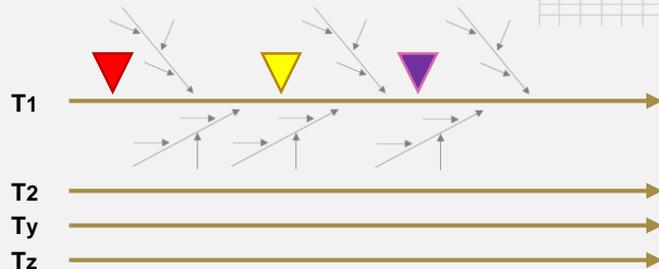
## DIFFERENT STAGES HAVE DIFFERENT APPROACHES



## GEOGRAPHY BASED (construction areas) TAKT MANAGEMENT



## DISCIPLINES and TOPIC BASED DELIVERY MANAGEMENT

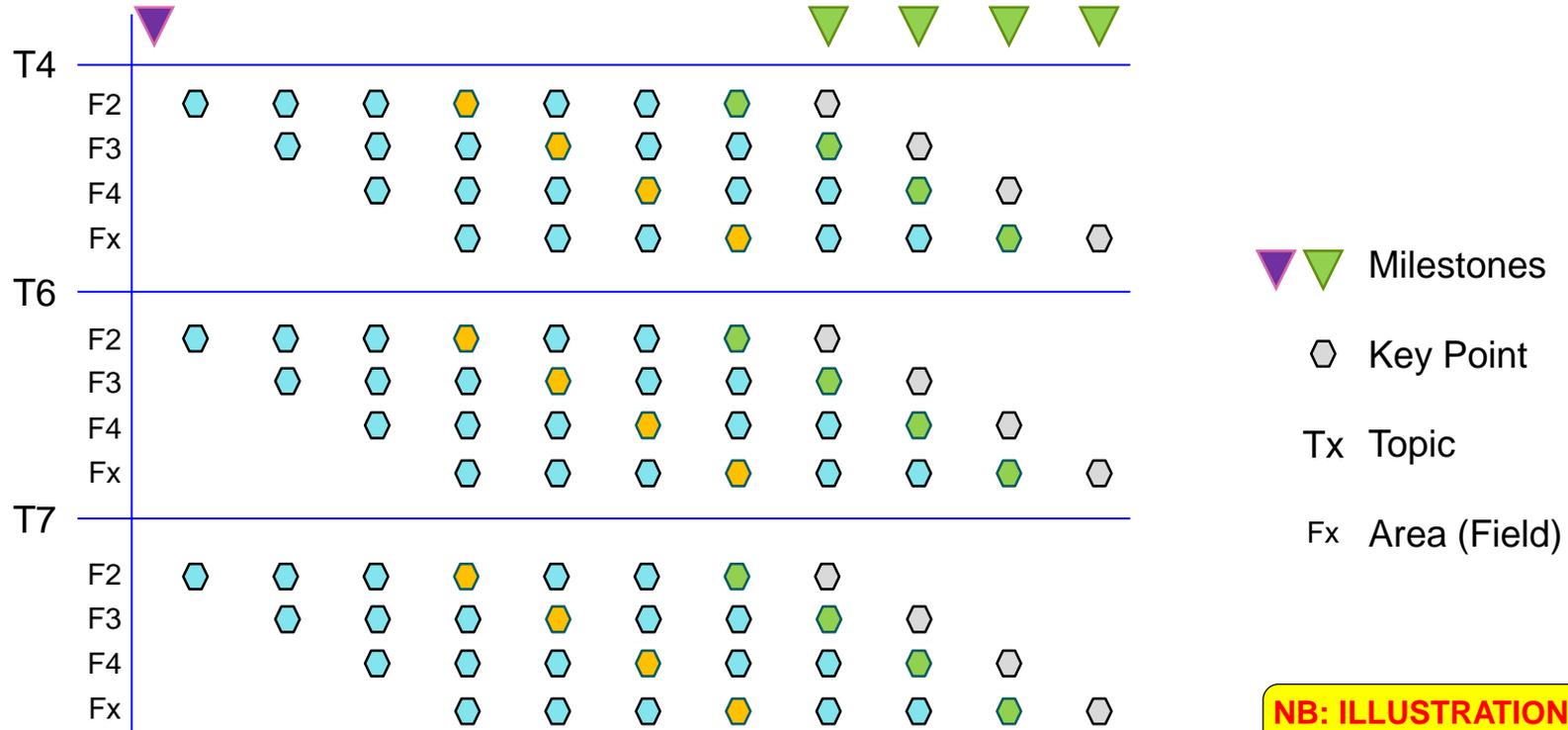


**7 CONDITIONS for a SOUND ACTIVITY**  
14-10-6-4-1 weeks ahead of start up

**TOPICS and AREAS to be defined by EACH PROJECT**  
**PROCESSES are SIMILAR for ALL PROJECTS**

# Design Progress Management: Topic-Area organisation

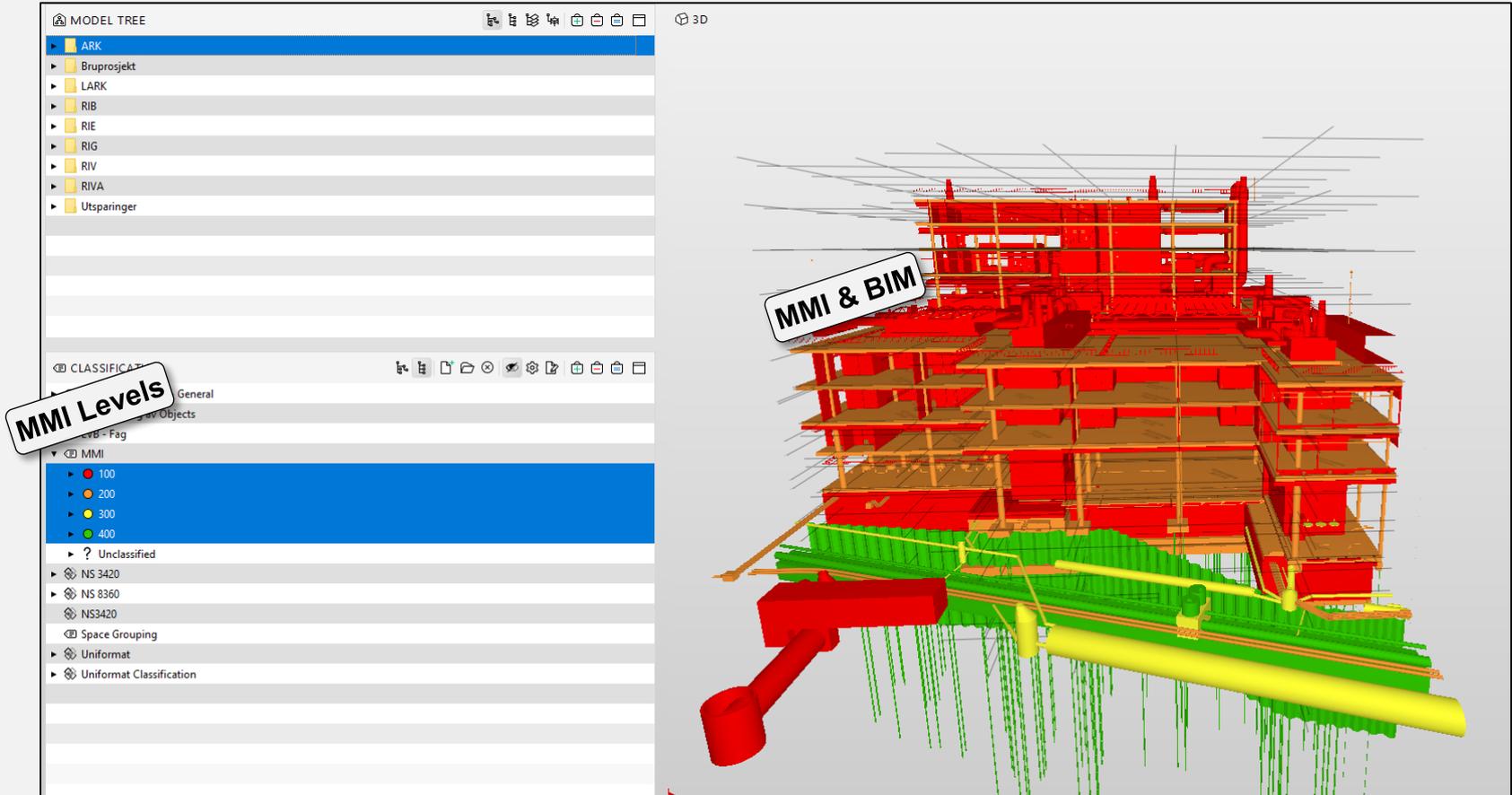
Creating a generic and «taked» design progress plan.



**NB: ILLUSTRATION STILL IN PROGRESS**

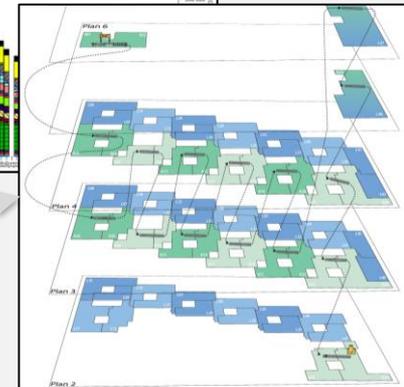
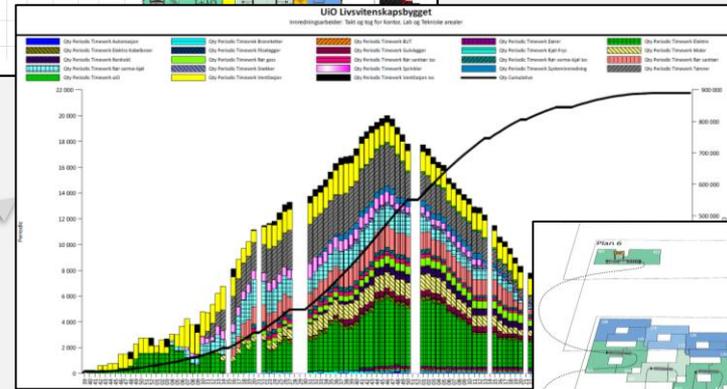
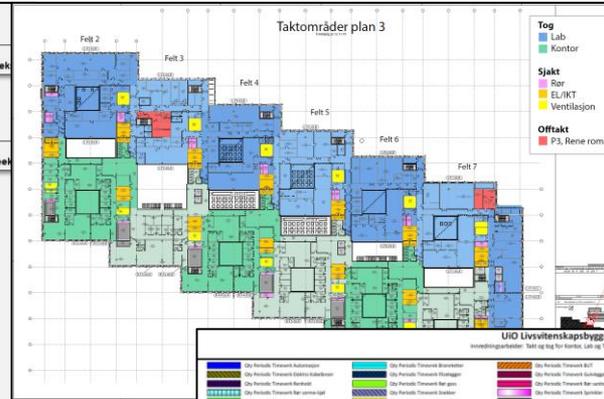
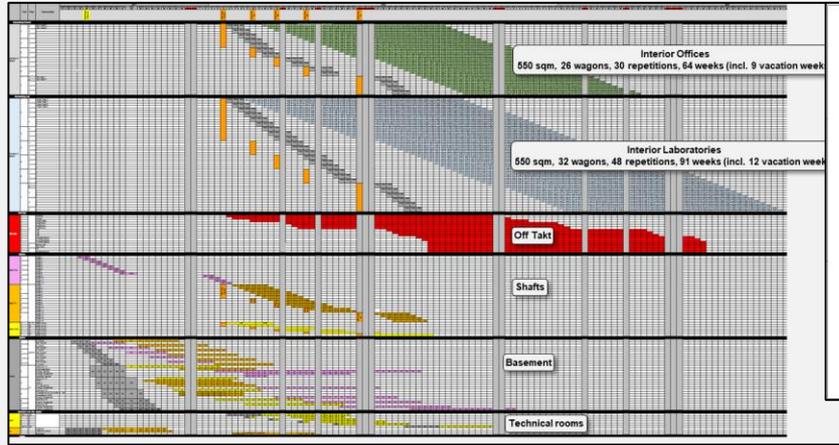
The process of break down steps between two milestones in the design phase.  
(The colours in the «cubicles» refer to the colours in the generic process (previous slide).)

# BIM and Maturity Levels connected



The image shows a screenshot of a BIM software interface. On the left, there is a 'MODEL TREE' panel with a list of project elements: ARK, Bruprojekt, LARK, RIB, RIE, RIG, RIV, RIVA, and Utspringer. Below it is a 'CLASSIFICATION' panel with a tree structure. A callout box labeled 'MMI Levels' points to the 'MMI' folder in the classification tree, which contains levels 100 (red), 200 (orange), 300 (yellow), and 400 (green). Other classification items include 'Unclassified', 'NS 3420', 'NS 8360', 'NS3420', 'Space Grouping', 'Uniformat', and 'Uniformat Classification'. On the right, a 3D model of a building under construction is shown. The structure is primarily red, with some green and yellow elements at the base. A callout box labeled 'MMI & BIM' points to the 3D model. The interface includes various tool icons and a '3D' view indicator.

# Lean Design and Construction



**ROUGH TAKTING of the INTERIOR (first draft)**  
**Planning of User equipment included**

**TAKT AREAS (first draft)**

**STAFFING PLAN (first draft)**

**CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE (first draft)**

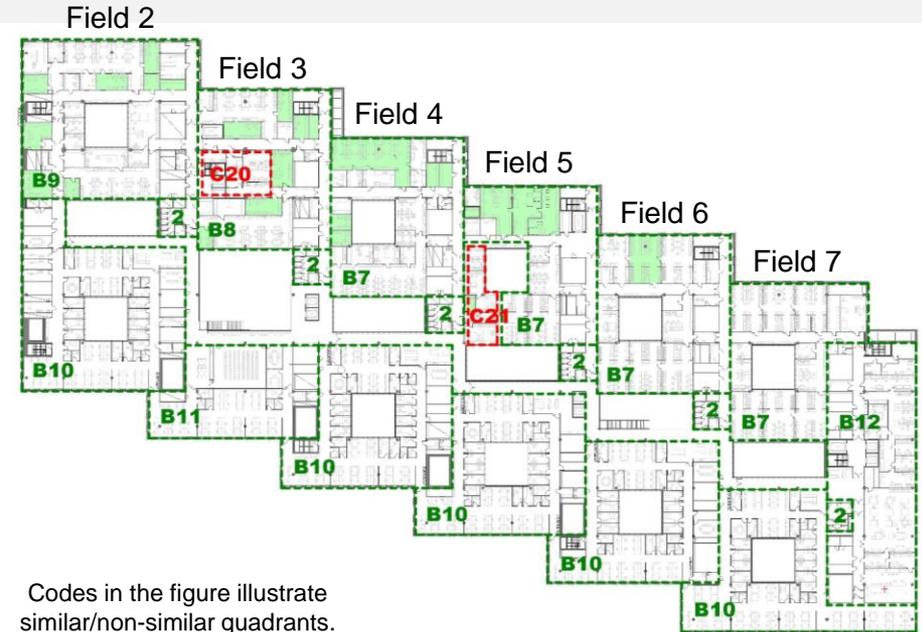
# Systematic Completion – Phased Commissioning

«Geometry – Function – Items» combined

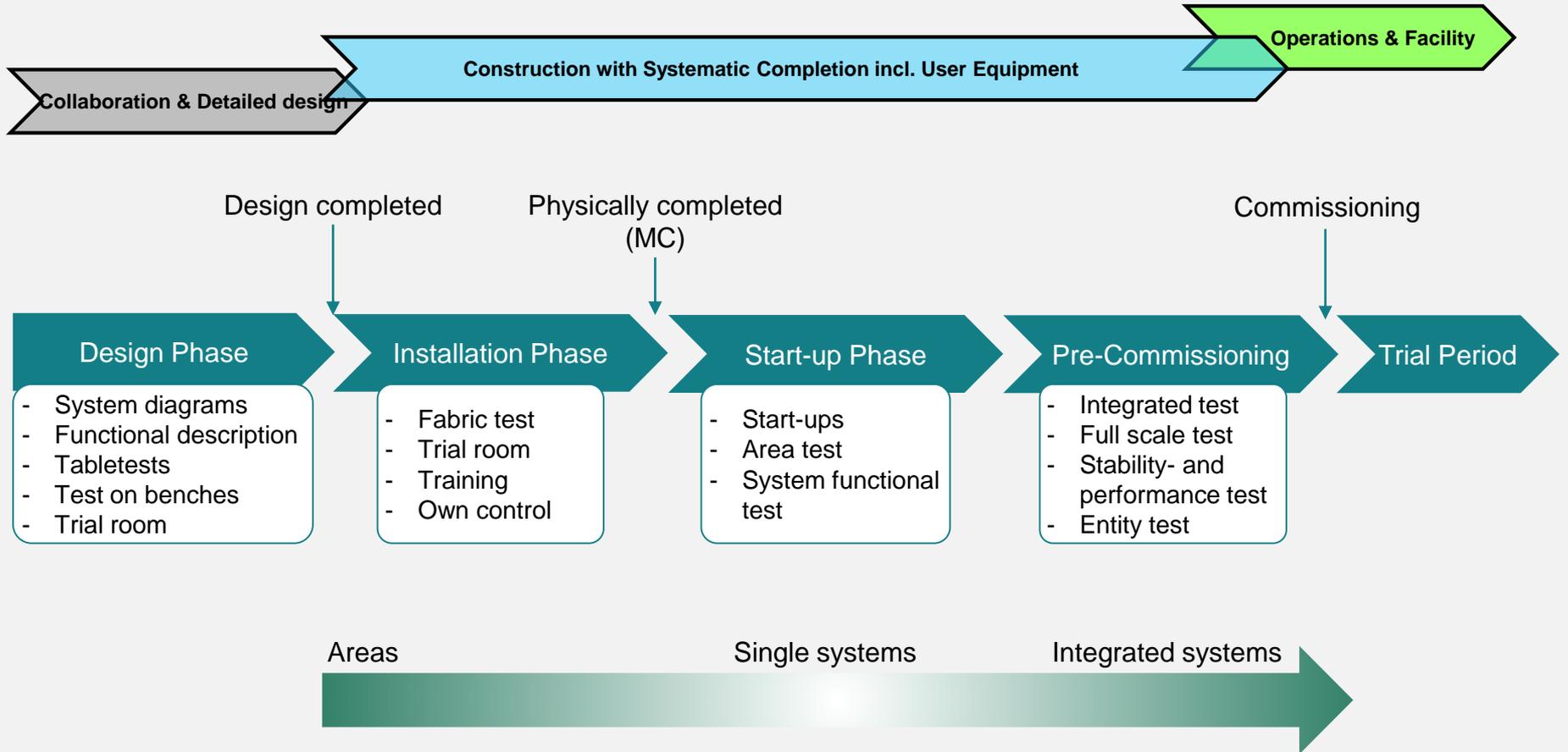
- **Repeatable design** allows for **repeatable construction** and **repeatedly early testing**
- A sectioned construction allows for each section to be **completed and tested** as you go along
- A sectioned construction allows for **continuous improvement** as you go along
- Allowing for «cells» to be completed and tested as you go along. (Cells are smaller areas with regards to sections.)
- Locally allowing for a geographical split (subdivision)
- Allowing for technical systems to be tested as you go along (not only at the end of the whole construction)

Figure: «Fields» and «Quadrants» could be sections and cells.

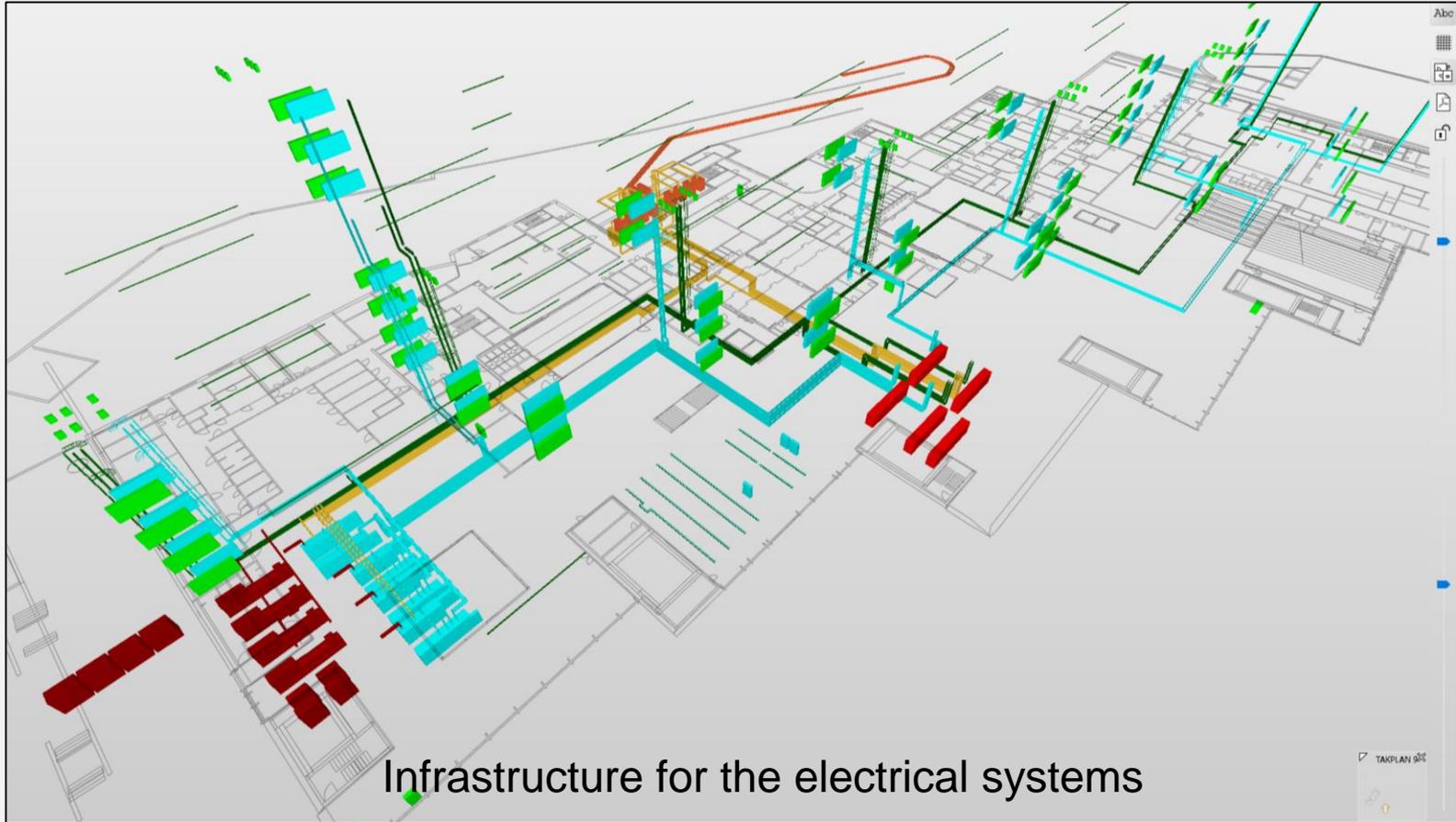
See also slide: «Infrastructure of Electrical Systems»



# Systematic Completion – From area to system



# Systematic Completion – Continuous testing



# Integrated planning of User Equipment is key

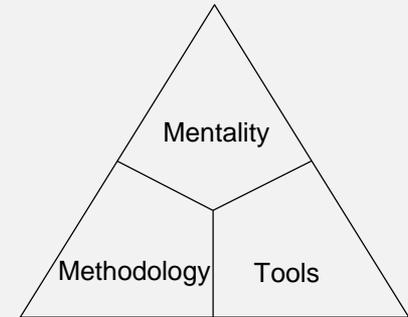
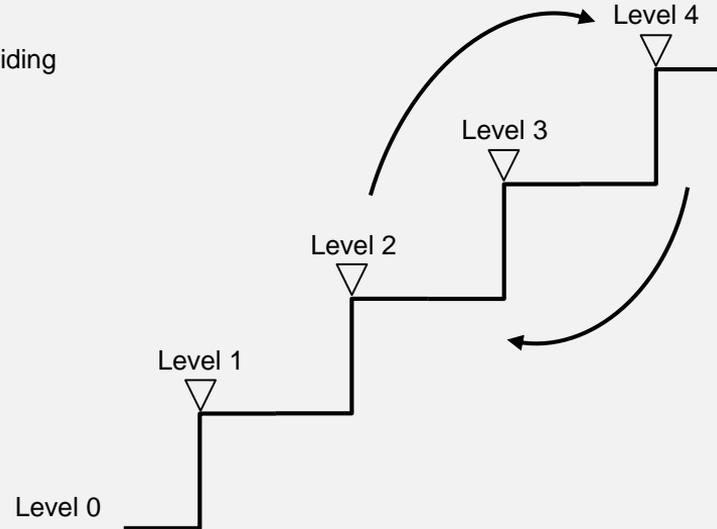
## User Equipment

- Planning included from Day 1
- Holistic plan for all procurements
- Early knowledge of actual equipment (procured or relocated) assures correct design from the start
- Procurements in accordance with design
- Planned according to lean principles
- Part of the digitalisation and project tagging system
- Testing as part of the Systematic Completion process
- Relocation as part of the logistics plan

# Onboarding Life Science

## Maturity Level Increase

- Level 4 Delivering
- Level 3 Practicing & Providing
- Level 2 Understanding
- Level 1 Onboarding
- Level 0 Starting level



Mentality	(Choosing ways of improving desired culture)
Methodology	(Choosing ways of improving methods)
Tools	(Choosing tools to support strategies)

Bergen Academy of Art & Design – KHiB

# Lean methodology in design and construction

Experiences from the project

Kunst- og designhøgskolen i Bergen – KHiB

# Lean metodikk i praksis

Erfaringer fra byggeprosjektet

## Contains:

- Lean Strategy
- Lean Design
- Systematic Completion
- Lean Construction
- BIM at the construction site



NOR: <https://www.statsbygg.no/globalassets/files/prosjekter/khibergen/leanhefter/leanmetodikkpraksis.pdf>

ENG: <https://www.statsbygg.no/globalassets/files/prosjekter/khibergen/leanhefter/leanmethodologydesignconstruction.pdf>

## Hans Thomas Holm / Statsbygg

Statsbygg	2007 –	
The road of LEAN projects	2010 –	#1 D-Medica, #2 KHiB, #3 Life Science
Torino winter Olympics	2004 – 2006	TOROC transportation
Lillehammer winter Olympics	1992 – 1994	LOOC transportation
Misc. Project Management	1991 –	

MSc Chalmers Tekniska Högskola	1991
Karlsruhe Technische Hochschule	1987
Christian August vidg.sk. / Halden	1982

5 languages

(\* 1964)

# Thanks for your attention

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Cell: + 47 - 915 73 626

Linked In

Instagram ([hanstomasholm](#))

Dec. 2014: Awarded Statsbygg's Innovation price

*Introduction of Lean principles in Statsbygg's construction projects*

Oct. 2017: Awarded *Bygg 21* price for Best Practice



# The Life Science Building: An even better project

